The Role of Experiential Learning in Enhancing Education in Parenting

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Experiential Learning

Experiential Learning affects parents and children in three ways:

- 1. Existing thoughts and beliefs are challenged and altered.
- 2. Attitudes regarding parenting and family members are modified.
- 3. The repertoire of parenting and interaction patterns are expanded.

To be affected in these ways, parents and children must be aware of their:

- 1. Philosophy and Beliefs
- 2. Knowledge
- 3. Attitudes
- 4. Perceptions of self and social environment
- 5. Behavior Patterns

Principles of Experiential Learning

- 1. Parents and children develop an awareness of their behavior and the underlying factors that motivate their behavior.
- 2. Parents and children will believe more in knowledge they have discovered themselves than in knowledge presented by others.
- 3. Learning occurs on cognitive and affective levels, engaging parents and children in active activities.
- 4. Learning is more effective when it is active rather than passive.
- 5. Change occurs through direct experiences and through observation of others.
- 6. It takes more than information to change parenting philosophy, attitudes, and behavior. Underlying feelings must be acknowledged.
- 7. Change is evolutionary and not revolutionary. It takes time to practice and integrate new parenting patterns.
- 8. Behavior change will be temporary until value for the new parenting philosophy, knowledge, and attitudes is adopted.
- 9. Self-examination and awareness of childhood experiences is necessary for parents to change existing parenting patterns.
- 10. Changes in perception of oneself is necessary for changes in parenting patterns to occur.
- 11. Supportive, caring, and challenging learning environments create freedom to experiment with new parenting patterns.
- 12. It's easier to change parenting patterns in a group context than in an individual context.
- 13. Role-playing creates an experiential base to test new behavior patterns.

Group Events That Promote Change

Change in parenting patterns is promoted by:

- 1. The emotional expression of feelings both comfort and discomfort.
- 2. Experiencing intense emotions, whether or not they are expressed.
- 3. Observing others having significant emotional experiences.
- 4. An increase in hope and a decrease in demoralization.
- 5. A decrease in self-centeredness and an increase in empathy towards others.
- 6. Self-disclosure of feelings, thoughts, and experiences.
- 7. Cognitive insight into one's own problems, behaviors, and attitudes.
- 8. The realization that others have similar feelings, experiences, and insights into one's problems.
- 9. Experimentation with a new behavior and feedback from others.
- 10. Others modeling the desired behavior.